

The Language of Pathophysiology

Name: _____

For each term:

→ Read the paragraph that the term is located in to understand the context of its use.

→ Write a short phrase that helps you to remember what the word means – do NOT blindly copy what is in the textbook or PPT. Focus on the key words only.

1) Anaerobic vs. aerobic

2) Anaplasia

QUIZ #1

3) Anatomy vs. Physiology

QUIZ #2

4) Apoptosis

QUIZ #3

5) Atrophy

6) Autopsy/postmortem

7) Biopsy

8) Complications

9) Convalescence/rehabilitation

10) Course

11) Diagnosis

12) Disease

a. Acute

b. Chronic

c. Communicable

d. Notifiable/reportable disease

13) Double blind studies

14) Dysplasia

15) Endogenous vs. Exogenous

16) Epidemics vs. Pandemics

17) Epidemiology

18) Etiology

19) Exacerbation vs. Remission

20) Gangrene

21) Gross examination vs. Microscopic examination

22) Homeostasis

23) Hyperplasia vs. Hypertrophy

24) Hypoxia

25) Iatrogenic

26) Idiopathic

27) Incidence vs. Prevalence

28) Incubation period

29) Infarction

30) Inflammation

31) Ischemia

32) Latent stage

33) Lesion

34) Lysis

35) Manifestations: Local vs. Systemic

36) Metaplasia

37) Morbidity

38) Morphologic

39) Mortality

40) Necrosis

a. Caseous necrosis

b. Coagulative necrosis

c. Fat necrosis

d. Liquefaction necrosis

41) Neoplasia

42) Objective vs. Subjective

43) Onset

a. Acute

b. Insidious

44) Pathogenesis

45) Pathophysiology

46) Precipitating factor

47) Predisposing factors

48) Prodromal period

49) Prognosis

50) Prophylaxis

51) Sequelae

52) Signs vs. Symptoms

53) Subclinical state

54) Syndrome

55) Therapy